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1. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I):

$$H_2N$$
 N
 Y
 (I)

5 wherein X is halogen; Y is ZR^1 ; Z is oxygen or sulphur; and R^1 is C_{1-6} alky1, C_{1-6} haloalkyl or C_{3-7} cycloalkyl; the process comprising either:

a. hydrogenating a compound of formula (II):

$$O_2N$$
 N
 N
 Y
(II)

with a suitable transition metal catalyst in a C_{1-6} aliphatic alcohol, an ether, an ester or a hydrocarbon as solvent; or,

b. conducting a one-pot hydrogenation of a compound of formula (III):

$$R^2 = N = N$$

$$X$$

$$N$$

$$Y$$
(III)

wherein R^2 is phenyl optionally substituted by chloro, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy or $(C_{1-6}$ alkyl)₂N;

(i) firstly at about 20°C to form a compound of formula (IV):

(ii) and then at about 40°C;

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both steps (i) and (ii) being carried out in the presence of a suitable catalyst and in the presence of a suitable solvent.

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2. A process as claimed in claim 1wherein X is chloro.

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- 3. A process as claimed in claim 1 or 2 wherein Z is sulphur.
- 4. A process as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R^1 is C_{1-4} alkyl or C_{1-4} haloalkyl.
- 5. A process as claimed in claim 1, 2, 3 or 4wherein Y is \mathbb{ZR}^1 ; Z is sulphur; and \mathbb{R}^1 is \underline{n} -propyl.
- 6. A process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5 wherein the transition metal catalyst for the hydrogenation of a compound of formula (II) is selected from platinum, palladium and a combination of platinum with a transition metal selected from vanadium, iron and manganese.
- 7. A process as claimed claim 6 wherein the transition metal catalyst is on a carbon support.
 - 8. A process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7 wherein the solvent for the hydrogenation of a compound of formula (II) is a C_{1-6} aliphatic alcohol, an ether, an ester or a hydrocarbon solvent.
- 9. A process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8 wherein the hydrogenation of a compound of formula (II) is conducted at a temperature in the range 10 to 90°C. A process as claimed in claim 9 wherein the hydrogenation of a compound of formula (II) is conducted at a temperature in the range 20 to 40°C.
 - 10. A process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 10 wherein the hydrogenation of a compound of formula (II) is conducted at a pressure of 1 to 10 bar.
 - 11. A process as claimed in claim 10 wherein the hydrogenation of a compound of formula (II) is conducted at a pressure of 2 to 4 bar.
 - 12. A process as claimed in claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) in which X is chloro, Y is ZR¹; Z is sulphur; and R¹ is n-propyl; the process comprising hydrogenating a compound of formula (II) in solvent comprising an ether at a pressure of 2 to 4 bar, a temperature in the range 20 to 40°C and a Pt/V/C catalyst.
 - 13. A process as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5 wherein the catalyst for the one-pot hydrogenation is selected from platinum and a mixture of platinum and vanadium.
 - 14. A process as claimed in claim 13 wherein the catalyst for the one-pot hydrogenation is selected from platinum on carbon 5-15%w/w; platinum 2-10%w/w and vanadium 0.2-3%w/w on carbon.

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- 15. A process as claimed in claim 12, 13 or 14 wherein the solvent for the one-pot hydrogenation is selected from a C_{1-6} aliphatic alcohol, an ester, an ether, a hydrocarbon and a ketone.
- 5 16. A process as claimed in claim 13, 14 or 15 wherein the hydrogenation of a compound of formula (III) or (IV) is conducted at a pressure of 2 to 4 bar.
 - 17. A process as claimed in claim 1 for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) in which X is chloro, Y is ZR¹; Z is sulphur; and R¹ is n-propyl; the process comprising a one-pot hydrogenation of a compound of formula (III) wherein the hydrogenation is conducted in a solvent of ethyl acetate at a pressure of 2 to 4 bar and using a Pt/C catalyst.